

Introductions

Purpose

Instructor introduction Attendee introductions Name and Title Banner Background Oracle Background Banner Responsibilities Expectations for the course

Performance Objective

To prepare the technical staff to support HR in the implementation and the operations of the Banner Human Resources product

Task Objectives

Identify Banner Human Resources forms and tables

Query the Banner HR tables

Follow key HR processes

Identify and read reports, processes, procedures and scripts in Banner Human Resources

Topics

Foundations

Naming Conventions PIDM Multiple PIDM prevention

The Data Dictionary

Entity Relationship Diagrams (ERDs)

Topics (cont.)

Banner HR Objects Form Types

Table Types

Banner System Overview

HR Hierarchy

Topics (cont.)

HR Components

Biographic/Demographic Information Employment Administration Position Management Compensation Administration Benefit/Deductions Administration

Topics (cont.)

HR Components

Time Entry and Payroll Processing Applicant Tracking Employee Relations Administration Health and Safety Administration Electronic Approvals (EPAF)

Topics (cont.)

Interior

Effective Dating Human Resources APIs

HR / Banner System Interfaces

Finance

Alumni

Student

Topics (cont.)

Key HR Processes New Hire Process

Payroll Process

HR Security

Employer (EMPR) Organization (ORGN) Employee Class (ECLS) Salary Level

Topics (cont.)

Maintenance

Directory Structure

Standards

Customizing Banner

Supporting Your Users Troubleshooting

Topics (cont.)

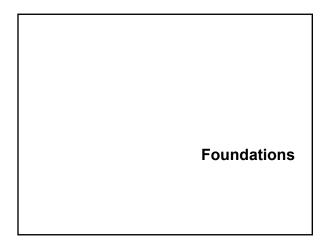
Conversion

Conversion Strategies

Conversion Steps

Conversion Example

SCT Resources and Contact Information



Foundation Topics

Naming Conventions

Objects

Columns

Constraints and Indexes

PIDM

Banner General

Banner Objects Naming Convention

All Banner objects adhere to a sevencharacter naming convention for their objects

Characters identify a particular quality or attribute of the object

Banner Objects Naming Convention

Objects can be:

Tables

Views

Forms

Processes

Banner Objects Naming Convention

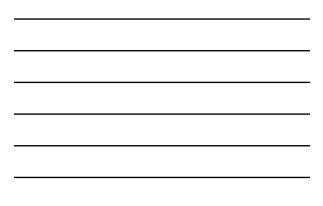
Position 1 - Identifies the primary system owning the form, report, process, or table.

The primary system corresponds to a Banner product

Each product has its own schema in the ORACLE database

Product Owners

General	GENERAL
General Person	SATURN
Finance	FIMSMGR
Accounts Receivable	TAISMGR
Position Control	POSNCTL
Payroll	PAYROLL
Student	SATURN
Financial Aid	FAISMGR
Alumni	ALUMNI
Security	BANSECR



Banner Objects Naming Convention A Alumni/Development R Financial Aid F Finance

- G General
- H New Products (Web)
- N Position Control
- P HR/Payroll/Personnel
- S Student/Common
- T Accounts Receivable
- V Voice Response
- W,X, and Z Client Developed

Banner Objects Naming Convention Position 2 - Identifies the component owning the form, report, process, or table. If Position 1 is P or N: Α Applicant Ρ General Person в Budget т Table (Validation or Rule) Electronic Approvals С COBRA R D **Benefits/Deductions** υ Utility Е Employee х Tax Administration н Time Reporting /History W,Y, Z Client-developed forms 0 Overall

Banner Objects Naming Convention

Position 3 - Identifies the type or function of the object.

A Application

- B Base Table , Batch COBOL Process
- I Inquiry Form
- P Process
- R Rule or Repeating Table, Report/Process
- V Validation Table or Form, View
- Q Query Form

Banner Objects Naming Convention

Positions 4,5,6 &, 7 - A descriptive four-character name for the object HR Form Example: PPAIDEN P Payroll

- P Person
- A Application Form
- **IDEN** Identification

Banner Objects Naming Convention

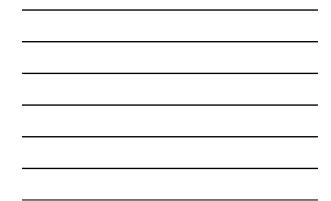
HR Table Example: PEBEMPL

- P Payroll
- E Employee
- B Base
- **EMPL** Employee

Banner Objects Naming Convention

Examples from Other products

SPRIDEN		GUAIDEN	
S	Common	G	General
Р	Person	U	Utility
R	Repeating Table	Α	Application
IDEN	Identification	IDEN	Identification



Banner Column Naming Convention

Tables column names start with the seven-character table name followed by an underscore and the column name

EXAMPLES:

*tablename_*pidm

EX. SPBPERS_SSN EX. SPRIDEN_ID

PIDM - What is PIDM?

Banner products store people-related records in the database using an internal Key field called a PIDM

PIDM is used instead of the person's ID number as the key, so that a person can change his or her ID with relative ease

Person Identification Master

Data type: number

PIDM (cont.)

SPRIDEN and all other person related tables are linked together by PIDM

An Oracle Sequenced Object is used to generate one-up numbers for PIDM creation.

gp_common API (Application Program Interface) f_generate_pidm (Function call to the Oracle

Sequence)

pidm_sequence (Oracle Sequence)

Generated IDs

IDs – Manual, Generated, Previous

Manual IDs entered by Users

Generated IDs use Oracle sequence

f_generate_id

id_sequence

Prefix for Generated stored in SOBSEQN

Previous IDs migrated or entered by Users spriden_change_ind = 'N' or 'I'

Generated IDs

Example:

select gb_common.f_generate_id() from dual; select id_sequence.nextval from dual;

A0000001 = Generated ID

Multiple PIDM prevention

Definition:

A single entity (person or non-person) is assigned two or more internal identification records in SCT Banner (PIDMs)

A single entity is now treated as multiple entities

Since multiple names and IDs can be associated with a single PIDM in SCT Banner, each entity should have one and only one PIDM

Multiple PIDM prevention

Helps prevent the accidental creation of multiple PIDMs

Rule-driven process to determine whether an entity (person or non-person) is truly new

Centralized algorithm

Unlimited rules can be created

Matching can be turned on and off system-wide (GUAINST) or per user

Defaults can be set for users

Multiple PIDM prevention

When a user attempts to generate a new ID, they are taken automatically to the GOAMTCH form where they enter critical data

The Common Matching process searches the database according to the source rule used to determine if the Person/Non-Person already is in the database

The user can then review the results and select the ID, update an existing ID or create a new ID for the entity

Common Matching is used in batch data load processes and online forms that are used to create new person or non-person records (e.g., PPAIDEN)

Multiple PIDM prevention

Can have separate rules for online vs. batch processing

Can use matching process for either persons or non-persons

Multiple PIDM prevention

HR Forms that Use Common Matching PPAIDEN – Payroll Identification PEAHIRE – Quick Hire PEA1PAY – One Time Payments

Multiple PIDM prevention

Common Matching Forms are located in the System Functions / Administration Menu under the General

Menu

Common Matching [*GENMATCH] Installation Controls [GUAIN8T] Non-Person Name Translation Rules [GORNPNM] Name Translation Rules [GORNAME] Common Matching Rules [GORRML] Common Matching Data Dictionary [GORCMDD] Common Matching Source Code Validation [GTVCM8C] Common Matching Source Rules [GORCMSC] Common Matching Entry [GOAMTCH]

Multiple PIDM prevention

Further information on Common Matching

- **Release Guides**
- **User Manuals**
- Virtual Class
- **Common Matching Handbook**



The Data Dictionary and Entity Relationship Diagrams

The Data Dictionary

How do you get more information about the structure and content of tables? How do you find out about indexes, primary keys, and foreign keys? How do you find out about table relationships?

A read-only reference of tables and views about the database

Stores information about both the logical and physical structure of the database*

* Oracle 9i Server Concepts

The Data Dictionary

USER_xxxxx -- shows objects and events owned by user

ALL_xxxxx -- shows all objects and events to which user has access

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DBA_xxxxx}}\xspace$ -- restricted; assigned only to those with $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DBA}}\xspace$ role

The Data Dictionary

ALL_TABLES

Table names and physical structure of the table

ALL_TAB_COMMENTS

Comments on tables – Short Description of the table

ALL_TAB_COLUMNS

Lists of columns of all tables

ALL_COL_COMMENTS

Comments on columns of accessible tables

SELECT table_name FROM dict WHERE table_name like 'ALL%';

TABLE_NAME

ALL_COL_COMMENTS ALL_CONSTRAINTS ALL_SINONYMS ALL_TABLES ALL_TAB_COLUMNS ALL_TAB_COMMENTS

The Data Dictionary

SELECT comments
 FROM all_tab_comments
 WHERE table_name = 'PTRECLS';

COMMENTS

Employee Class Rule Table

The Data Dictionary

```
SELECT comments
FROM all_col_comments
WHERE column_name = 'PTRECLS_BCAT_CODE';
comments
```

DEFAULT BENEFIT CATAGORY: A Benefit Cata gory for which employees in this Employe e Class will be eligible. Additional Be nefit Catagories may be added on Page 2, however this category will default to t he Employee Form (PEAEMPL).

SELECT column_name FROM all_tab_columns WHERE owner = 'PAYROLL' AND column_name like '%ORGN%'

COLUMN_NAME

PEBEMPL_ORGN_CODE_HOME PEBEMPL_ORGN_CODE_DIST PERCAPL_ORGN PERCAPR_ORGN PERFAIS_HOME_ORGN PERFACC_ORGN PERFACT_ORGN PERFAPL_ORGN ... 45 rows selected

The Data Dictionary

SELECT text FROM all_views WHERE view_name = 'PEVLEAV'; TEXT -----SELECT PERLEAV PIDM, PERLEAV_LEAV_CODE, PTRLEAV_LONG_DESC, PTRLEAV_SHORT_DESC, PERLEAV BEGIN BALANCE, PERLEAV ACCRUED, PERLEAV_TAKEN, PERLEAV_DATE_AVAIL, PERLEAV HRS BANKED FROM PERLEAV, PTRLEAV WHERE PTRLEAV_CODE (+) = PERLEAV_LEAV_CODE

The Data Dictionary

ALL_INDEXES – descriptions of indexes

ALL_IND_COLUMNS – lists the columns that make up an index

ALL_CONSTRAINTS – descriptions of constraints

ALL_CONS_COLUMNS – lists the columns that make up a constraint

SELECT constraint_name,status
FROM all_constraints
WHERE table_name = 'PTREARN'
AND constraint_name not like 'SYS%'

STATUS

ENABLED

ENABLED

ENABLED

CONSTRAINT_NAME

PK_PTREARN FK1_PTREARN_INV_PTV1099_CODE FK1_PTREARN_INV_PTVERGR_KEY

The Data Dictionary

Primary key constraints are named as follows: PK_tablename

Ex. PK_PTREARN

Foreign key constraints are named as follows:

FKn_tablename_INV_primarytablename_CODE (or KEY)

Ex. FK1_PTREARN_INV_PTV1099_CODE

The Data Dictionary

SELECT constraint_name, column_name FROM all_cons_columns WHERE table_name = 'PTREARN' AND constraint_name not like 'SYS%' ORDER BY constraint_name, column_name;

FK1_PTREARN_INV_PTV1099_CODE PTREARN_1099_CODE

FK1_PTREARN_INV_PTVERGR_KEY PTREARN_ERGR_CODE

PK_PTREARN PTREARN_CODE

SELECT index_name, uniqueness, status FROM all_indexes WHERE table name = 'PTREARN';

INDEX_NAME -----PK_PTREARN PTREARN_KEY2_INDEX

UNIQUENES UNIQUE NONUNIQUE

STATUS VALID VALID

The Data Dictionary

Primary index is named as follows: PK_Seven-character table name Ex. PK_PTREARN

Each additional index is numbered numerically starting with 2, after key:

Seven-character table name_key2_index

Ex. PTREARN_KEY2_INDEX

Seven-character table name_key3_index, etc

The Data Dictionary

SELECT index_name, column_name FROM all ind columns WHERE table_name = 'PTREARN' ORDER BY index_name, column_name;

INDEX NAME -----

PK_PTREARN

COLUMN NAME PTREARN_CODE

PTREARN_KEY2_INDEX

PTREARN_BASE_SAL_IND

GURPDED Procedure Extracts Data Dictionary information into a printable report Run from GJAPCTL (the Job Submission Form) in the General Product Enter parameters: Table name Table owner Output = Technical Addendum To DATABASE View or Print from GJIREVO

The Data Dictionary - ERDs

Entity Relationship Diagrams for all modules are available for download from the Action Web

Log into Action Web (<u>www.sungardsct.com</u>)

Click on Extended Search (left hand menu)

Click on Downloads button (menu on top of screen)

Chose Banner Human Resources from the list

Chose ERD radio button

Follow download instructions

The Data Dictionary - ERDs

ERDs created from the following data:

Data Dictionary

Forms triggers

Database procedures

Created by Cast (by Enlighten)

Exercise #2

BANNER Objects

HR Objects

HR Forms

Users interact with the Banner database through the use of forms

Banner forms, like all Banner objects, adhere to the Banner objects naming convention

Banner Human Resources contains six types of forms

HR Forms

Six Types of HR Forms Menu Application Validation Rules Query Inquiry

HR Forms

Menu Forms Vill not follow BANNER objects naming convention

Lists all related forms Outlines the System Ex. HRSEMPLOYEE (Employment Administration Menu)

HR Forms

Application Forms

Enter Data

Update Data

- Query the System
 - Ex. PEAEMPL (Employee Form)

HR Forms

Validation Forms

Lists all possible values for a given field

Data entry allowed Table and form names are the same Second and third characters are *TV* Has code, description, and activity date fields Ex. PTVESKL (Employee Skills)

HR Forms

Rule Forms

Define use of variables, objects, and application Ex. PTRECLS (Employee Class) Ex. PTRBDCA (Benefits and Deductions) Ex. NTRPCLS (Position Class)

HR Forms

Query Forms

Third character is a Q

Must be called by another form

Look-up information only

Information cannot be changed

Ex. PTQECLS

(Employee Class Query Form called from Search icon in key block of PTRECLS)

HR Forms

Inquiry Forms

Third character is an *I* Query data and return to another form Information cannot be changed Form can be accessed from any menu Ex. PEIETOT (Employee Year To Date Totals Form) Ex. PEIDTOT (Employee Year to Date Deductions Form)

HR Tables

Banner data is stored in ORACLE tables Banner tables, like all Banner objects, adhere to the Banner objects naming convention There are three basic type of HR tables

HR Tables

Three Basic Types of HR Tables

Application Tables

Base Tables Repeating Tables

Temporary Tables

Validation Tables

Rules Tables

Application Tables: Base Tables

There can be only one occurrence of the logical key

- Ex. PEBEMPL (Employee Base Table) The logical key is PEBEMPL_PIDM One record for each person (employee)
- Ex. NBBPOSN (Position Base Tale) The logical key is NBBPOSN_POSN One record for each position

Application Tables: Repeating Tables

There can be multiple occurrences of the logical key

Ex. PERLEAV (Leave Balances Repeating Table) The logical key is PERLEAV_PIDM Multiple records – each employee has a record for each of their leave types Ex. SPRIDEN (Common Identification Repeating Table)

The logical key is SPRIDEN_PIDM Multiple records – each person will have at least one current record

spriden_change_ind = null

There may multiples for any previous name or id

Application Tables: Temporary Tables

Intermediate internal holding area for Banner reports and processes

Same naming convention as application tables

Example:

PHRTDED

System Maintained

Rules Tables

Key column

tablename_code Ex. PTRECLS_CODE Description column tablename_desc Ex. PTRECLS_SHORT_DESC Fields with a limited number of enterable values tablename_column_name_ind Ex. PTRECLS_BUDGET_ROLL_IND

Validation Tables

A validation table and its corresponding form will have the same name Follows the same column naming convention as rule tables All validation tables owned by Payroll have a maximum of four columns tablename_code tablename_desc tablename_desc tablename_empr_code ***

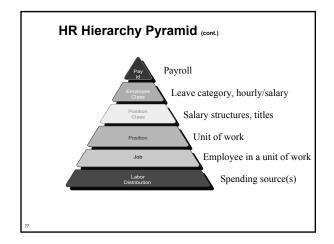
HR Hierarchy

HR Hierarchy

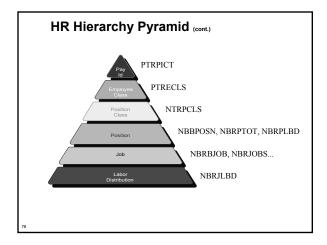
Banner HR uses a hierarchy of classes to ease data entry

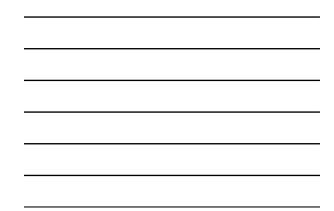
By associating an employee with a class or grouping, class information can be automatically entered by the System

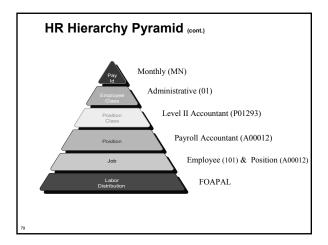
These classes and groupings are defined in the rules and validation tables













HR Hierarchy

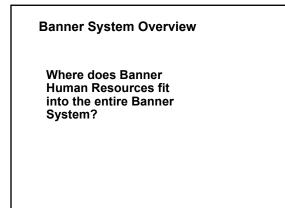
Data defaults down (NOT UP) the pyramid

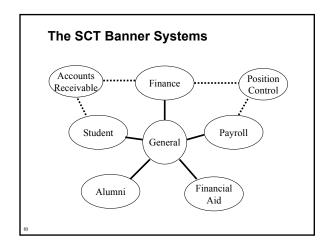
Ex. A Labor Distribution Override at the Job level will not change the labor distribution on the position

Data defaults once

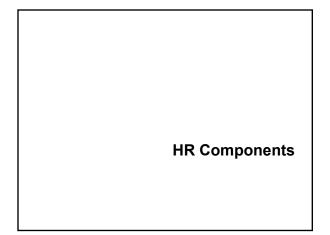
Ex. A Labor Distribution Change on a position will NOT change the labor distribution of employees already assigned to that position.

Banner Overview









Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

Biographic/Demographic Information

Establish a unique identifier for each individual Maintain:

Biographic information Educational background Professional qualifications

Part of the General Module

Chapter 9 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

Core Application Forms

PPAIDEN

Establishes a unique identifier PIDM

Maintains biographic and demographic information PPAGENL

Maintains professional qualifications

GXADIRD

Maintains direct deposit information

GOAINTL

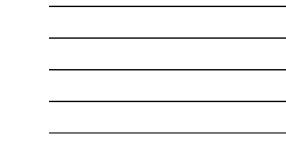
Maintains international data

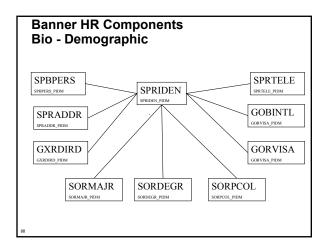
Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

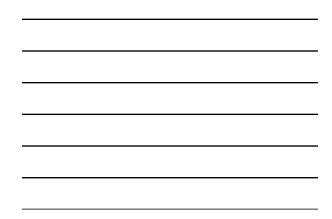
Rules Forms PTRCERT Certification Code STVSBGI

College Codes

Validation Forms STVATYP Address Type Code STVCITZ Citizen Type Code STVETHN Ethnic Code







Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

HR Required Fields – SPRIDEN

SPRIDEN_PIDM SPRIDEN_ID SPRIDEN_FIRST_NAME SPRIDEN_LAST_NAME SPRIDEN_CHANGE_IND At least one record with a null PPAIDEN maintains SPRIDEN_ENTITY_IND = 'P' for person ('C' for company) PPAIDEN maintains SPRIDEN_ACTIVITY_DATE **

Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

HR Required Fields – SPBPERS

SPBPERS_PIDM SPBPERS_SSN SPBPERS_BIRTH_DATE SPBPERS_ETHN_CODE SPBPERS_SEX SPBPERS_CITZ_CODE

Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

HR Required Fields – SPRADDR

An employee must have at least one address record SPRADDR_PIDM SPRADDR_ATYP_CODE SPRADDR_SEQ_NO SPRADDR_STREET_LINE1 SPRADDR_CITY SPRADDR_STAT_CODE SPRADDR_ZIP

Banner HR Components Bio - Demographic

Each person will have SPRIDEN record with a SPRIDEN_CHANGE_IND of null

Other records for the person will have a value in the change_ind indicating the type of change, (N)ame or (I)D

Each person will have one SPBPERS record

Banner HR Components Employment Administration

Maintain:

Employee's status

Hire dates

Benefit Category (BCAT)

Leave Category (LCAT)

Home Department

Chapter 10 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Employment Administration

Core Application Forms

PEAEMPL

Establishes employee information, status, benefit and leave categories

PEAREVW

Maintain performance review information

PEALEAV

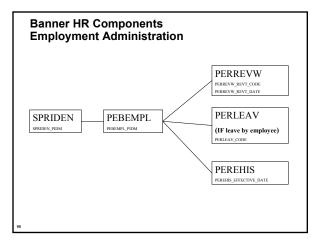
View and maintain leave balance records (IF leave by employee method chosen on PTRINST – populated by PEAEMPL)

Banner HR Components Employment Administration

Rules Forms

PTRLCAT Leave Categories PTRECLS Employee Class PTRTREA Termination Reason Validation Forms

FTVCOAS Chart of Accounts FTVORGN Organization Codes





Banner HR Components Employment Administration

A row in PEAEMPL defines a person as an employee Each employee will have one PEBEMPL record

A history of changes made to PEBEMPL through PEAEMPL is stored in PEREHIS

Must be have required Bio-Demo data first

Much of the required data for the employee record defaults from the HR Hierarchy (Rules and Validation Tables)

Other required fields are defaulted by the form PEAEMPL, but most can be overridden

Banner HR Components Employment Administration

HR Required Fields – PEBEMPL PEBEMPL_PIDM PEBEMPL_EMPL_STATUS PEBEMPL_COAS_CODE_HOME PEBEMPL_ORGN_CODE_DIST PEBEMPL_ORGN_CODE_DIST PEBEMPL_ECLS_CODE PEBEMPL_LCAT_CODE

Banner HR Components Employment Administration

HR Required Fields – PEBEMPL (cont.)

PEBEMPL_BCAT_CODE PEBEMPL_FIRST_HIRE_DATE PEBEMPL_CURRENT_HIRE_DATE PEBEMPL_ADJ_SERVICE_DATE PEBEMPL_SENIORITY_DATE PEBEMPL_FLSA_IND PEBEMPL_INTERNAL_FT_PT_IND

Banner HR Components Position Management

Position Management

- **Define positions**
- Assign positions to budgets
- Assign positions to labor distribution
- Maintain position history
- Chapter 15 of Human Resources Using
- **Banner Guide**

Banner HR Components Position Management

Core Application Forms

NBAPOSN

Defines all positions within a position classification and fiscal year

NBAPBUD

Assign positions to budgets and FOAPAL

NBAFISC

Maintain current fiscal year

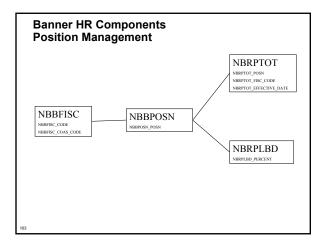
Banner HR Components Position Management

Rules Forms NTRPCLS Position Class NTRSALA Salary rate NTRSGRP Salary Group

Validation Forms

FTVORGN Organization FTVCOAS Chart of Accounts

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Banner HR Components Position Management

One record in NBBPOSN for each position

At least one NBRPTOT record for each position/fiscal year combination

At least one NBRPLBD record for each position/fiscal year combination

Banner HR Components Compensation Administration

Compensation Administration

Defaults come from HR hierarchy

Maintain

Employee's Title

Employee's Salary

Compensation History

Chapter 11 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Compensation Administration

NBAJOBS

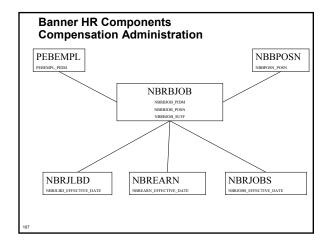
Defines the job for a particular employee with begin and end dates, title, status, labor distribution, and salary information

PEIJHIS

Employee Job History Form

PEALEAV

View and maintain leave balance records (IF leave by job method chosen on PTRINST – populated by NBAJOBS)





Banner HR Components Compensation Administration

One record in NBRBJOB for each position/employee combination

At least one record in NBRJOBS for each position/employee combination

Additional records for subsequent changes to job information

Example: Salary, Title

Banner HR Components Compensation Administration

At least one NBRJLBD record for each position/fiscal year/employee combination

Defaults from NBRPLBD, but can be overridden

Records in NBREARN is defaulted depending on ECLS set up. It can be overridden

Banner HR Components Compensation Administration

The person must have an active employee record to have an active job

The position must be active

An employee can have multiple active jobs at any given time

Banner HR Components Benefits and Deductions

Benefits/Deductions Maintain Employee's benefits and deductions Eligibility administration Maintain Beneficiary/Dependent Information Chapter 14 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Benefits and Deductions

Core Application Forms

PDADEDN

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Establish}}\xspace/Maintain deductions for benefits, taxes and other withholdings$

PDABENE

Beneficiary Form

PDABCOV

Beneficiary coverage Form

Banner HR Components Benefits and Deductions

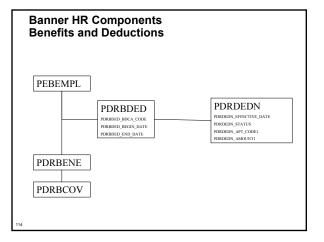
Rules Forms

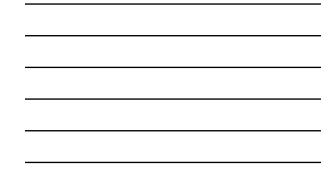
PTRBCAT

Benefit Category

PTRBDCA

Benefit/Deduction Code





Banner HR Components Benefits and Deductions

One record in PDRBDED for each deduction/employee combination

At least one record in PDRDEDN for each deduction/employee combination

Additional records for subsequent changes to deduction

Example: Plans, options, amounts

Banner HR Components Benefits and Deductions

Must be an active employee to set up deductions

Eligibility is driven by benefit categories (BCAT) in PTRBCAT

'Self' beneficiary records are created when employee record is created with PEAEMPL

Banner HR Components Leave Administration

Leave can be tracked by employee or by job

Chose the method of leave on PTRINST form

Different set of leave tables for employee or job tracking

Chapter 10 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Leave Administration

Forms

PEALEAV – View, track, and update balances for each leave code

PEILHIS – View leave balance history

PHIACCR - View leave accrual history

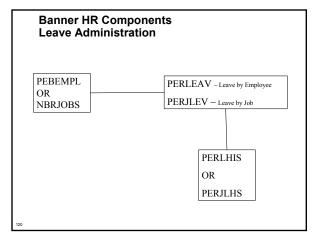
Banner HR Components Leave Administration

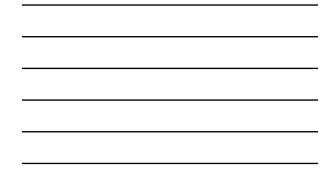
Leave by Employee

PEAEMPL – Leave balance records are created for those leave types for which their leave category (LCAT) on PEAEMPL dictates

Leave by Job

NBAJOBS - Leave balance records are created for those leave types for which their leave category (LCAT) on NBAJOBS dictates





Banner HR Components Time Entry and Payroll Processing

Time Entry

Collect time sheet information

Validate earnings codes, hours and special rates to ensure eligibility of earnings type by employee group

Payroll Processing will be addressed in more detail later

Chapter 17 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Time Entry

Application Forms

PHAHOUR

Online Time Entry PHATIME

Time entry with approvals

PHAMTIM

Mass time entry

These forms access and update a variety of PHR% tables

Banner HR Components Time Entry

PHAHOUR - Online Time Entry

Directly updates the PHR% tables when successfully saved

PHATIME – Time Entry with Approvals

Requires set up of users and routing queues

Updates to PHR% tables once transaction successfully completes the routing queue

PHAMTIM – Mass time entry

Uses temporary table PHRMTIM

Updates to PHR% tables after successful completion of PHPMTIM process

Banner HR Components Applicant Tracking

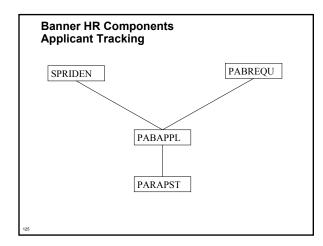
Application Tracking

Create and maintain detailed requisitions for vacant positions Create and maintain applicant records for existing positions A pidm is required in order to be an applicant

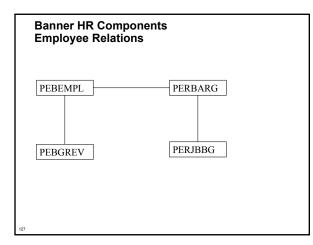
Application Forms

PAAAPPL – Applicant Information Form PAAREQU – Requisition Form

Chapter 8 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide



Banner HR Components Employee Relations	
Employee Relations	
Bargaining Unit Membership	
Bargaining unit relations	
Seniority Tracking	
Grievance tracking	
Application forms	
PEABARG – Employee/Job Labor Relations	
PEAGREV – Employee Relations Grievance	
Chapter 12 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide	





Health and Safety

Record and report employee health information Satisfy OSHA requirements

Application Forms

PEAHSIN – Health and Safety Incident Form

Driving Table – PEBHSIN

Chapter 13 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Electronic Approvals

Electronic Approvals

Efficient approval signature process

Support the movement towards a paperless office

Chapter 19 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Banner HR Components Electronic Approvals

Application Forms NOAEPAF – Personnel actions form Driving Table - NOBTRAN Process NOPEAMA – Mass Apply Process

Interior

Interior Effective Dating HR APIs

Effective Dating

Maintains history

Allows for future dated personnel actions

Effective Dating

SELECT nbrjobs_pidm, nbrjobs_posn, nbrjobs_suff, nbrjobs_effective_date, nbrjobs_desc, nbrjobs_status

FROM nbrjobs

WHERE nbrjobs_pidm = 408

ORDER BY nbrjobs_effective_date;

408 S00001 00 31-AUG-96 Federal Work Study (Pooled) A 408 S00001 00 30-SEP-96 History Dept. Office Clerk-CWS A 408 S00001 00 11-MAY-97 History Dept. Office Clerk-CWS T 408 S00001 00 31-AUG-97 History Dept. Office Clerk-CWS A

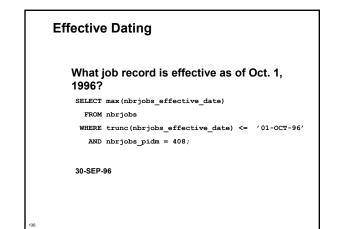
Effective Dating

What job record is effective as of today?

```
SELECT max(nbrjobs_effective_date)
FROM nbrjobs
WHERE nbrjobs_effective_date <= SYSDATE</pre>
```

```
AND nbrjobs_pidm = 408;
```

31-AUG-97



Effective Dating

A Nested Select

FROM nbrjobs a WHERE nbrjobs_pidm = 408 AND a.nbrjobs_status = `A' AND nbrjobs_effective_date =

- (SELECT max(nbrjobs_effective_date)
- FROM nbrjobs b
- WHERE trunc(nbrjobs_effective_date) <= '01-OCT-96'

AND b.nbrjobs_pidm = a.nbrjobs_pidm AND b.nbrjobs_posn = a.nbrjobs_posn AND b.nbrjobs_suff = a.nbrjobs_suff);

408 S00001 00 30-SEP-96 History Dept. Office Clerk-CWS A

Effective Dating

Some HR Tables with Effective Dating Logic

NBREARN NBRJLBD NBRJOBS PDRDEDN

Human Resources APIs

Application programming interfaces (APIs) facilitate the integration of SCT Banner with other applications on a campus

Human Resources APIs

Human Resources related APIs

PPAIDEN form

Populates Tables

- SPRIDEN
- SPBPERS SPRADDR
- SPRTELE
- PEAEMPL form
 - Populates Table PEBEMPL

HR / Banner System Interfaces

Interfaces and Integration with other Banner Systems

Chapter 7 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide

Alumni Interface

Finance Interface

Student Integration

Alumni Pledge Payments

Deductions can be gifts to the institution Deduction code set up by HR (PTRBDCA)

Alumni sets up pledge (AGAPLDG) and installments (AGAPINS)

Pledge information appears in AGCFDED and PEAFDED

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HR}}$ uses form $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PEAFDED}}$ to activate the deduction

Check the 'Received Signature' box Assign appropriate BDCA code

Alumni Pledge Payments

During payroll processing, PHPUPDT creates pledge payment records, (GURALMP), to be processed in Alumni

Alumni runs Automatic Deduction Process (AGPALMP) to create pledge payments

Faculty Load Data

The General information form, PPAGENL, shares faculty history data with SIAFPER, and faculty academic history data with SIAFDEG

The Employee form, $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PEAEMPL}}$, shares personnel data with $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SIAFPER}}$

Faculty Load Analysis Report (SIRCTAL)– displays salary info from HR

The HR Faculty Load process, PEPFACL, updates HR with contact hours and FTE from Faculty Load

Finance Interface Setup

NTRFINI - HR/Finance Setup

FTVCOAS - Chart of Accounts

FTVFUND - Fund

FTVORGN - Organization

FTVACCT - Account

FTVPROG - Program

Note: Finance Items To Check

NTRFINI - Be sure that all Rule codes and Net Distribution FOAPAL elements are in place

PTREARN - Be sure that all Earn codes have Labor Distribution Overrides (optional)

PTRBDCA - Be sure that all Deduction codes have Labor Distribution Overrides (mandatory)

FTMRUCL - Be sure that all 'H***' Rule codes with 'G026' Process codes have Payroll Clearing Account in Posting modifier

Finance Interface Processes

NBAPOSN and NBAPBUD – build position budgets

NBPBUDM and NHPFIN1 – run to build budget and encumbrance transactions

PHPFEXP – run to build payroll expense transactions

NHPFIN2 – insert transactions into GURFEED

Key HR Processes

Banner New Hire Process				
PPAIDEN form loads tables				
SPRIDEN	PIDM, ID, Name			
SPRADDR	Address			
SPBPERS	Birth Date, SSN, Ethnicity			
SPRTELE	Telephone			
SPREMRG	Emergency Contact			
151				

Banner New Hire Process PEAEMPL form loads tables.... PEBEMPL Employee Status, Hire Dates, Employee Classification, ...

PERLEAV	Leave Balances (If using leave by employee)
PEREHIS	Employee History
PDRBENE	Beneficiary/Dependent

Banner New Hire Process

NBAJOBS form loads tables....

NBRBJOB	Position Number, Job Begin and End Date…
NBRJOBS	Position Number, Effective Date, Title, Salary
NBREARN	Default Earnings Code, Default Hours
PERJHIS	Job History
PERJLEV	Leave Balances (If leave by job)

Banner New Hire Process			
PDADEDN	form loads tables…		
PDRBDED	Deduction Code (BDCA), Deduction Begin Date and End Date		
PDRDEDN	Deduction Code (BDCA), Effective Date, Deduction Plan, Deduction Amounts		
PERDHIS	Deduction History		
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Banner New Hire Process

NEW HIRE QUICK SET UP

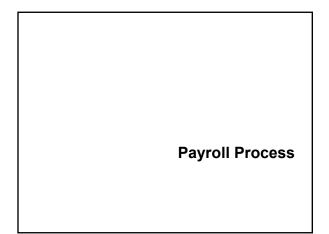
PEAHIRE

Allows you to move through a series of steps that will load tables behind PPAIDEN, PEAEMPL, and NBAJOBS Initial Set up only

PDABDSU

Loads the tables behind PDADEDN Initial Set up only

Exercise #4



The Payroll Process Key Concepts

Dispositions

Status identifiers

Every employee is assigned a disposition at every step of the Payroll process

Disposition of 70 indicates successful Payroll cycle completion

The Payroll Process Key Concepts

Original Payroll Dispositions: 05 Awaiting Re-Extract 10 Awaiting Time Entry 15 Awaiting Correction 20 Awaiting Correction 25 Awaiting Leave Process 30 Awaiting Leave Process 30 Awaiting Calc 40 Awaiting Document 42 Awaiting Check/Direct Deposit Run 43 Awaiting Check/Direct Deposit Run 44 Awaiting Update 60 Finance Extract 70 Complete

The Payroll Process Key Concepts

Payroll cycle errors:

Can be fixed as they appear, or

Print the disposition report, continue with the other employees, then return to correct the error record

PHIDERR – Form to view payroll errors PHRDERR – Payroll Errors report

PHRDCON – Disposition Report

Chapter 6 of Human Resources Using Banner Guide pages 103 – 110 contains a flow diagram

Pre-Payroll Process

PDPLIFE – Life Insurance Calculations

This step is optional and may not be necessary for every payroll

NOPEAMA – Electronic Approvals Mass Apply Process

This step is also optional

Banner Payroll Process

PHPTIME - Time Sheet Generation

Sets up Payroll tables

Initializes disposition at 05 (Awaiting Re-extract), 10 (Awaiting Time Entry), or 20 (Awaiting Proof)

Open the payroll process for time entry

Time entry options:

PHAHOUR- Application form for exception hours entry

Updates disposition from 10 to 20

PHAMTIM – Application form for mass time entry

PHPMTIM - If hours are entered on PHAMTIM, then this process must be run to 'pull' the hours into the payroll process

Updates disposition from 10 to 20

Banner Payroll Process

PHPPROF - Pay Period Proof Batch Process Validates Payroll entries Updates disposition to 25 (*when correct*)

Banner Payroll Process

PHPLEAV - Leave Accruals and Taken Process Accrued and taken leaves Updates disposition to 30 (when correct) PHPCALC - Payroll Calculation Report Gross to net Payroll calculation process (COBOL) Updates disposition to 40

PHPDOCM - Check/Direct Deposit Amount Calculation Creates document numbers for the Check process to follow Updates disposition to 42

PHPCHKL - Check/Direct Deposit Notice Process

Check Print process

Produces 8 1/2" x 11" check and stub Updates disposition to 43/44, and then 50 (after checks and direct deposit)

PHPDIRD – Create Direct Deposit File Does not update disposition

Banner Payroll Process

PHPUPDT - Pay Period Update Batch Process Updates Payroll history Updates disposition to 60 after PHPUPDT process

Banner Payroll Process

NBPBUDM - Budget Maintenance Process

Computes encumbrances and budget amounts

Assigns encumbrance numbers

NHPFIN1 - Finance Interface Extract

Extracts new and changed encumbrances and/or budgets amounts

NHPFIN2 - Finance Interface Report Passes encumbrances and/or budgets amounts to Finance System FURFEED, FGRTRNI, FGRTRNR, FGRACTG

Banner Payroll Process

Updates disposition to 70

PHPFEXP - Expenditures Finance Extract Extracts Payroll Expense Finance Data Updates disposition to 62 NHPFIN2 - Finance Interface Report Prints Finance report and interfaces with Finance

Banner Payroll Process

End of Payroll Process FURFEED, FGRTRNI, FGRTRNR, FGRACTG Payroll interface to Finance

PHPTIME - Time Processing Report			
Initializes Disposition to 05, 10, or 20			
References da	ta from the following tables to process the		
particular Yea	r, Pay ID, and Pay Number combination:		
PTRCALN	- Payroll Calendar Rule Table		
PTREARN	- Earnings Code Rule Table		
PTRECLD	- Earnings Code Labor Dist Rule Table		
PTRECLS	- Employee Class Rule Table		
PTREERN	- Employee Class Earn Code Rule Table		
PTREHOL	- Employee Holidays Rule Table		
SPRIDEN	- Identification/Name Repeating Table		

Banner Payroll Process

More Tables Referenced by PHPTIME NBREARN - Employee Default Earnings Code Table NBRJLBD - Assignment Labor Dist Repeating Table NBRJOBS - Assignment Repeating Table NBRBJOB - Assignment Repeating Base Table PDRDEDN - Employee Deduction repeating Table PDRBDED - Employee Deduction Repeating Table NBBFISC - Fiscal Year Base Table PEBEMPL - Employee Base Table

Banner Payroll Process

Tables 'initialized' by PHPTIME

Insert into PHRHIST: Pay History Repeating Table Insert into PHRJOBS: Pay History Jobs Repeating Table Insert into PHREARN: Pay History Earnings Repeating Table Insert into PHRHOUR: Hour Validation Table Insert into PHRELBD: Pay History L/D Override Repeating Table Insert into PHRDEDN: Pay History Deduction Repeating Table

Insert into PHRERRL: Pay History Error Log Repeating Table

Run PHRDERR - Payroll Errors Display Report Run PHRDCON - Disposition Control Report Go to PHAHOUR - Online Time Entry Form Correct any errors Check default hours Add exception hours Change Labor Distributions Re-extract, if necessary Run PHPPROF - Pay Period Proof Process

Banner Payroll Process

PHPPROF

Incoming Disposition is 20

Outgoing Disposition is 25 (success),

15 or 22 (failure)

Tables Processed by PHPPROF Update PHRHIST - Payroll History table Update PHRJOBS - Payroll History Jobs table Update PHRERRL with errors - Pay History Error Log table

Banner Payroll Process

Run PHRDERR - Payroll Errors Display Report Run PHRDCON - Disposition Control Report Time Entry PHAHOUR PHATIME Web Time Entry

Correct any errors

Re-extract if necessary

Run PHPLEAV - Leave Accruals/Taken Process

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PHPLEAV

- Leave Accruals/Taken Process
- Incoming Disposition 25
- Outgoing Disposition 30
- Tables referenced by PHPLEAV
 - PERLEAV Leave Balances
 - PTRLEAV Leave Code Rule Form
 - PTRLVAS Leave Assignment Rule Form
 - PTRLVAC Leave Accrual Rule Table
 - PTRLVPR Leave Priority Code table

Banner Payroll Process

Tables processed by PHPLEAV

PHRHIST – Update Disposition to 30 PHRJOBS – Update Disposition to 30 PHREARN – Insert any Dock Pay Records PHRERRL – Insert any Errors/Warnings PHRACCR/PHRJACR – Insert leave Accrual Records

Banner Payroll Process

Run PHRDERR - Payroll Errors Display Report Run PHRDCON - Disposition Control Report Check any Dock Pay entries Correct any errors Re-extract if necessary Run PHPCALC - Payroll Calculation Process

PHPCALC

Calculates Gross to Net Calculated Benefit/Deduction Amounts Incoming Disposition 30 Outgoing Disposition 40

Banner Payroll Process

PHPCALC

Updates PHRDEDN - Deduction Calculation Report Calculated Deduction amounts

Updates PHREARN - Payroll Earnings Report Calculated Earnings amounts

Updates PHRJOBS - Payroll Jobs Report

Updates Disposition to 40

Updates PHRHIST - Payroll History Report

Updates Disposition to 40 and records Gross and Net amounts

Updates PHRHOUR - Payroll Time Entry Report With calculated earnings amounts by Data Entry period Updates PHRACCR - Payroll History Accruals Report Accrual amounts (if applicable)

Banner Payroll Process

Run PHPDOCM - Check/Direct Deposit Amounts Process

Incoming Disposition 40

Outgoing Disposition 42

Creates Check and Direct Deposit Document Records

Checks GXRDIRD - Employee Payroll Direct Deposit Record for direct deposit information

PHRDOCM

Updates PHRHIST- Payroll History table

Updates PHRJOBS - Jobs History table

Inserts Document numbers into PHRDOCM -Disposition Control Report (starting with 1)

Inserts records into temporary table PHRTDED -Temporary Payroll Deduction Record – for better performance

Banner Payroll Process

PHPCHKL/PHPCHEK printing process is run twice, once for each document type

Once for Checks

Once for Direct Deposits

Updates disposition to 43 or 44 the first run, depending on which document type is run first

Updates PHRHIST – Payroll History table

Updates PHRJOBS – Jobs History table

Updates PHRDOCM – Updates document numbers

Updates disposition to 50 after both document types have been run

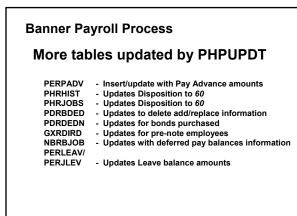
Banner Payroll Process

Now we are ready to update year-to-date totals and do clean up.....

Banner P	ayroll	Process
----------	--------	---------

Tables updated by PHPUPDT

PERETOT	- Insert/update monthly earnings information
PERJTOT	- Insert/update monthly earnings by position
PERDTOT	- Insert/update monthly deduction information
PEREHIS	- Insert when PEBEMPL changes
PERLHIS	- Insert when Leave balances are updated



Banner Payroll Process Feed to Finance

NBPBUDM - Budget Maintenance Process Computes encumbrances Computes budget amounts Assigns encumbrance numbers

Banner Payroll Process Feed to Finance Budgets and Encumbrances

NHPFIN1

Extracts data from Payroll and Position Control tables Inserts into NHRFINC (temporary) Inserts into NHRDIST if option checked on NTRINST NHPFIN2

Loads Budget and Encumbrance interface data into GURFEED Finance Interface table Looks to FOBSEQN table to get the next Document Number, and it will start with *F*

Finance processes take over ...

FURFEED

Loads Budget and Encumbrance data into the FGBTRNI table from GURFEED

FGRTRNI

Loads Budget and Encumbrance data into FGBJVCD and FGBJVCH tables Loads any error records into the FGRTRNR error table Run the FGRTRNR report for errors

Finance processes take over ...

FGRACTG

Usually set up to run on Sleep/Wake interval

All Budget and Encumbrance data from the current Payroll will now be posted to FGBOPAL - the Operating Ledger

Banner Payroll Process Feed to Finance Payroll Expenses

PHPFEXP

Extracts data from Payroll and Position Control tables Inserts into NHRFINC (temporary) Inserts into NHRDIST if option checked on NTRINST Updates Disposition to 62

NHPFIN2

- Loads Actual interface data into GURFEED the Finance Interface table
- Looks to FOBSEQN table to get the next Document number, and it will start with *F*

Finance processes take over ...

FURFEED

Loads Payroll Expense data into the FGBTRNI table from GURFEED

FGRTRNI

Loads Payroll Expense data into the FGBJVCD and FGBJVCH tables

Loads any error records into the FGRTRNR error table

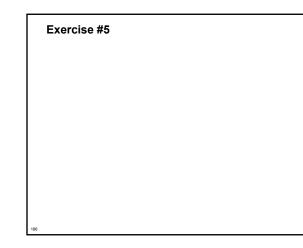
Run the FGRTRNR report for errors

Finance processes take over ...

FGRACTG

Usually set up to run on Sleep/Wake interval

All Actual Payroll data from the current Payroll will now be posted to FGBOPAL - the Operating Ledger



HR Security

HR Security

In addition to Banner security Four types of security Employer Organization Employee Class Salary Level The types can be used in any combination

Applies to forms only, NOT reports and processes

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HR Security – Application Forms

PTRINST - Installation Rule Form Turn on Security PTRUSER - User Codes Rule Form Set up HR Users PSAEMPR - Banner EMPR Security Form Set up Employer Security

PSAORGN - Banner ORGN Security Form

Set up Organization Security

PSAECLS - Banner ELCS Security Form Set up Employee Class Security

HR Security - PTRUSER

Set up HR/Payroll User ID and Name

If ANY security types are turned on, ALL HR users must be defined here

Grant Master Employer security or not

Grant Master Organization security or not

Grant Master Employee Class security or not

Grant limit on Salary Level access

HR Security

Step One: Get the maximum salary for this employee:

```
SELECT MAX (NERJOES_ANN_SALARY)
INTO :SECURITY_SALARY
FROM NERJOES
WHERE NERJOES_PIDM = :PIDM
AND NERJOES_POSN = :POSN
AND NERJOES_SUFF = :SUFF
Step Two: Check to see if user has access to that salary
level:
```

```
SELECT 'X'
FROM PTRUSER
WHERE PTRUSER_CODE = USER
AND NVL(:SECURITY_SALARY,0) <= PTRUSER_SALA_LEVEL
```

HR Security - PSAEMPR

Form inserts/updates/deletes rows in PSREMPR table

For Each HR/Payroll user, enter the employer(s) that the user can view

Used less than Organization and Employee Class security

Works with same logic as ORGN and ECLS security

HR Security - PSAORGN

Form inserts/updates/deletes rows in PSRORGN table

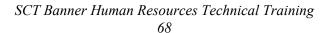
Form allows copying of information from one user to another

Form allows for granting access to a range of organizations - low to high organizations

HR Org security does not use the chart hierarchy

HR Security

```
Step One: Check to see if user has Master Authority:
   SELECT 'X'
     FROM PTRUSER
    WHERE PTRUSER_MASTER_ORGN_IND = 'Y'
      AND PTRUSER CODE
                                  = USER
Step Two: If Step One fails, check to see if user has
Specific Organization:
   SELECT 'X'
     FROM PSRORGN, PTRINST
    WHERE PSRORGN_USER_CODE
                                       = USER
      AND PTRINST CODE
                                      = 'PAYROLL'
      AND NVL (PTRINST COAS CODE, *') =
          NVL (PSRORGN COAS CODE, '*')
      AND : SECURITY_ORGN_CODE
                                    >= PSRORGN_ORGN_LOW
      AND :SECURITY_ORGN_CODE
                                    <= PSRORGN_ORGN_HIGH
```



HR Security - PSAECLS

Inserts/updates/deletes rows in PSRECLS table

Allows copying of information from one user to another

Allows for granting access to individual Employee classes

HR Security

Step One: Check to see if user has Master Authority:

```
SELECT 'X'
FROM PTRUSER
WHERE PTRUSER_MASTER_ECLS_IND = 'Y'
AND PTRUSER_CODE = USER
```

Step Two: If Step One fails, check to see if user has Specific ECLS:

SELECT 'X' FROM PSRECLS WHERE PSRECLS_USER_CODE = USER AND PSRECLS_CCDE = :SECURITY_ECLS_CODE

VBS – Value Based Security

Value Based Security using Fine Grained Access Control is:

A means of providing row based security based upon existing columns and tables in Banner

A 7.x replacement for existing Value Based Security

Not a SCT invention – Oracle functionality

Does NOT replace HR Security

General Technical Topic



Maintenance

Directory Structures

Coding Standards

Customizing Banner

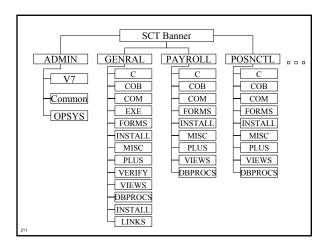
Reporting

Migration

Troubleshooting

Directory Structures

Where are all these forms and processes stored?



Directory Structures

ADMIN

V7

Scripts to create an Oracle Banner database COMMON

COMMON

Common objects shared by all products

OPSYS

Contains COBOL make files for platform (UNIX only)

Directory Structures

General

C Pro*C and C source files, C compile procedures, EXEC INCLUDE files COB/COBPCO Pro*COBOL files (VAX/VMS only) COB/LIB Links to copybooks with .cob extension and lowercase names (UNIX only)

сом

DCL command files (VAX/VMS only)

Directory Structures

General EXE

- Compiled PRO*COBOL executables for all products FORMS
- Oracle*Forms .fmb, .fmx, .mmb (menu), .mmx, .pll (libraries) INSTALL .SCTDMP file used during initial install (renamed to .DMP
- during install) MISC
 - Shell scripts (UNIX only)

Directory Structures

General

PLUS

SQL*Plus scripts

VERIFY

Files used by the verification step of upgrades VIEWS

SQL*Plus scripts to recreate views

DBPROCS

SQL*Plus scripts to recreate database procedures, packages, functions, and triggers

Directory Structures

General

INSTALL

All Banner installation scripts

LINKS

Composite directory for local access of Banner products

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Directory Structures

PAYROLL and/or POSNCTL

```
С
```

Pro*C and C source files, C compile procedures, EXEC INCLUDE files

COB/COBPCO

COBOL copybooks for all products

Pro*COBOL files (VAX/VMS only)

сом

DCL command files (VAX/VMS only)

Directory Structures

PAYROLL and/or POSNCTL

FORMS

Oracle*Forms - .fmb, .fmx, .mmb (menu), .mmx, .pll (libraries)

INSTALL

.SCTDMP file used during initial install (renamed to .DMP during install)

MISC

Shell scripts (UNIX only)

Directory Structures

PAYROLL and/or POSNCTL

PLUS

SQL*Plus scripts

VIEWS

SQL*Plus scripts to recreate views

DBPROCS

SQL*Plus scripts to recreate database procedures, packages, functions, and triggers

21

addresses	standards, especially for names and
All offices r	need to agree
Document of	data standards and distribute to all offices
(e.g. STVAT	d to agree on common validation table codes YP). Subsequent additions and changes to d be agreed upon
	•
	the Installation Control Form (GUAINST) the format for dates and displays pivot year
determines	the format for dates and displays pivot year

Standards

Create descriptive and meaningful codes

Establish a common method of abbreviation before values are assigned

Example: Posn.

Posn (no period)

Avoid descriptions that have abbreviated, non-English language values

Standards

Avoid special characters:

hyphen (-) plus (+) at (@) slash (/) asterisk (*) pound (#) ampersand (&) dollar sign (\$)

Avoid embedded spaces within a Rule or Validation code

Avoid using words that have specific meaning to the product

Customizing Banner

Suggestion:

Avoid customizations for a designated amount of time When users adjust to the new system, they will see if the change is absolutely necessary or not

Customizing Banner

Customize delivered Banner objects only when absolutely necessary

Upgrades that include the modified object need to be checked against the delivered one

The changes will need to be repeated

Adding in-house objects (forms and processes) will be easier to maintain than customizing delivered objects

Keep your Source code separate from SCT's form directories

Customizing Banner

To create site forms:

Clone one of the Banner forms

Start with GUASKEL.fmb and GUVSKEL.fmb to gain access to the global variables and common triggers

Recommended: Oracle Forms Training

To create site C programs:

Start with GWRSKEL.pc

Reporting Tool Options

Delivered tools

C, COBOL, Developer 2000, Object Access

Other options

MS Access, Crystal Reports, Brio Query, SAS, Business Objects, Cognos, Web Focus, Oracle Discoverer Any reporting tool that can read an ORACLE database

Chapter 20 of Using Banner Guide

List of delivered reports and their parameters Sample output

Technical Reference Manual

Comply with the Coding Standards in the General TRM

Includes Banner standards for Forms, C, and COBOL programming

Reports and Processes Grid

Seed Data

Use of all seed data is not mandatory, however some is required

Most of this information is needed for external reports to third parties

NTRAUBK	NTRAUFD	NTRAUFM
PTREEOS	PTV1099	PTVEEOC
PTVESKL	PTVHSMT	PXRADDS
PXRCALC	PXREXEM	PXRFSTA
PXRGRAD	PXRTVFY	PXRTXCD
PTRGTAX	PTVBDTY	PTVEEOG
PTVRANK	PTVREPT	PXRRBOX

PIDM or POSN related seed data should be deleted, all other data should be examined to determine if it should be deleted

Rules and Validation tables may be scrubbed too, excluding system required tables listed above

Supporting Your Users

Troubleshooting Tips

If a user gets 'stuck' within Banner, have him/her go into the pull-down menu and choose Record, Remove or Record, Clear

This occurs frequently when a user gets to the last record, and a record is automatically inserted

The user needs to enter all required fields, or remove the record

Troubleshooting Tips

Encourage users to read the known issues report; this will relieve you from much of the burden

Encourage users to subscribe to list serves related to them

Tell your users what you need

Print Screen - get a picture of the error

With the Baner window active, hold down the ALT key and hit the [Print Screen] key. This captures the screen on the clipboard. This can be pasted into a document or email

What form or process?

What does the hint line say?

Display Error

This will return actual ORACLE errors

Common error is a constraint violation, this will display the constraint name

ORACLE site to look up the error

http://otn.oracle.com/pls/db901/db901.error_search?

Tell your users what you need

Dynamic Help Query

To get table/field names involved

This will only work when the block is named the same as the table to which it is linked

What ID?

Compare the 'bad' record with ones that do not produce the errors and examine differences between them

Conversion

Conversion

Conversion strategies Conversion steps

. Conversion example

Conversion - Strategies

When performing a conversion, keep in mind that both form-based and table-based rules must be met

Conversions can be automatic, manual, or a combination of both

Conversion - Strategies

Create a Conversion Plan document

Review the steps that are involved to get to your "go live" dates

Create a time line

Determine the processes that need to be written

Will data need to be translated?

Will data need to be cleaned up on legacy side?

Conversion - Strategies

Name/Address format Avoid using "#" with Letter Generation Address types Multiple ID's on legacy system?

Conversion - Strategies

To insert non-Oracle data into Banner tables:

Create flat files which contain the relevant data

Read the files by SQL*Loader into intermediate Oracle tables (don't load them into Banner directly)

Validate the data

Load data into the Banner tables

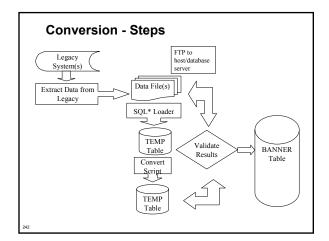
Conversion - Steps

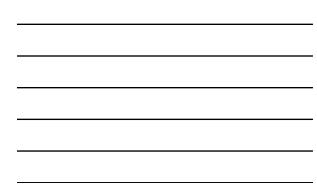
- 1. Document steps as you proceed
- 2. Review current data
- 3. Determine scope:
 - What will you convert? Which tables will be populated?
- 4. Map legacy data to Banner tables
- Create a mapping document working with users and consultants

5. Write a detail plan of:

Data to be converted Banner tables to be populated Deadlines/timelines

- 6. Review plan and get approval from users
- 7. Develop procedures and programs
- 8. Test conversion in TEST or PPRD database
- 9. Users verify data
- 10. Test again and make corrections to procedures and programs
- 11. Do conversion in production
- 12. Users verify data





Conversion - Example

Shows how to:

Convert data to three Banner tables

Create, drop, and alter temporary tables

Assign a PIDM

Use SQL*LOADER to load temporary tables

Use UPDATE statement and DECODE function to do cross-walk (translation)

Shows how to (cont.) :

Use Insert statement

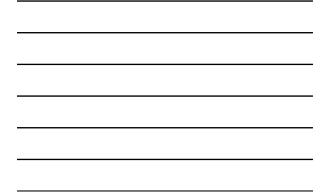
Use a Shell Script or Command procedure Check the data when complete

Clean up data if it is incorrect

Conversion - Steps

Uses a flat file containing Person's (student's) SSN Last name First name Street City State Zip Sex Birth date

Example	of a Flat Fi	le Layout		
210009506Abbe	Anthony	PO Box 21049	Malvern	PA19355226-MAR-
610009711Abbot	James	PO Box 27	Malvern	PA19355217-NOV-
210009101Adams	Andrew	803 King Street	Malvern	PA19355210-DEC-
510009101Adams	Anthony	20789 Lancaster Ln	Clarksville	PA15122210-DEC-
10000011Adams	Eugene	3400 Wendrow Way	University Par	kPA16802201-JAN-
10009619Barker	Clementine	83 Park Avenue	New York	NY10013128-APR-
210009613Barker	James	854 Charlestown Pk	King of Prussi	aPA19401201-DEC-



Create temporary tables (create_temp.sql):

```
SPOOL create_tables
DROP TABLE sytiden;
DROP TABLE sytiden;
DROP TABLE sytiden AS SELECT * FROM spriden WHERE 1 = 2;
CREATE TABLE sytiden AS SELECT * FROM spraddr WHERE 1 = 2;
CREATE TABLE sytpers AS SELECT * FROM spbpers WHERE 1 = 2;
SPOOL OFF
```

Conversion - Steps

<u>Alter temporary tables</u> (alter_temp.sql):

SPOOL alter_tables ALTER TABLE sytiden MODIFY spriden_pidm null; ALTER TABLE sytaddr MODIFY spraddr_pidm null; ALTER TABLE sytpers MODIFY spbpers_pidm null; SPOOL OFF

SONVERSION - St	
SQL*LOADER (load.ctl):	
load data	
infile 'data file.dat'	
badfile 'bad_data.txt'	
discardfile 'discard_fil	le.txt'
append	
into table sytiden(
spriden_pidm	sequence (77777777,1),
spriden_id	position(1:9),
spriden_last_name	position(10:23),
<pre>spriden_first_name</pre>	position(24:39),
spriden_change_ind	null,
spriden_entity_ind	constant 'P',
<pre>spriden_activity_date</pre>	constant '25-DEC-98',
spriden_user	constant 'CONVERSION',
spriden_origin	constant 'CONVERSION')

into table sytaddr(spraddr_pidm spraddr_atyp_code spraddr_seqno constant '1',
spraddr_street_line1 position(40:58), spraddr_city spraddr_stat_code spraddr_user into table sytpers(spbpers_pidm spbpers_ssn spbpers_sex spbpers_birth date spbpers_birth_date position(82:90),
spbpers_activity_date constant '25-DEC-98')

sequence(77777777,1),
constant 'MA', position (59:73), position (74:75), spraddr_zip position(76:80),
spraddr_activity_date constant '25-DEC-98', constant 'CONVERSION') sequence(77777777,1), position(1:9), position(81:81),

Conversion - Steps

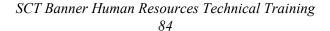
Decode SPBPERS SEX (decode_sex.sql):

SPOOL decode

UPDATE sytpers

SET spbpers_sex = decode
(spbpers_sex,'1','F','2','M','N'); SPOOL OFF

Convers	ion - Steps
SELECT	<pre>spriden_id, substr(spriden_last_name,1,15) ', ' spriden_first_name, spriden_entity_ind ENT, spriden_activity_date, spriden_pidm, spraddr_pidm, spbpers_pidm, spraddr_street_line1, spraddr_city, spraddr_stat_code, spraddr_zip, spbpers_sex, spbpers_birth_date</pre>
FROM	sytiden, sytaddr, sytpers
WHERE	<pre>spriden_pidm = spraddr_pidm</pre>
AND	<pre>spriden_pidm = spbpers_pidm</pre>
ORDER BY	<pre>spriden_pidm;</pre>

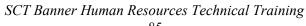


Insert into SATURN tables (insert_real.sql):

```
SPOOL insert_real
INSERT INTO spriden SELECT * FROM sytiden;
INSERT INTO spraddr SELECT * FROM sytaddr;
INSERT INTO spbpers SELECT * FROM sytpers;
SPOOL OFF
```

Convers	sion - Steps
SELECT	spriden_pidm,
	<pre>substr(spriden last name </pre>
	<pre>spriden_entity_ind, spraddr_atyp_code,</pre>
	<pre>spraddr_seqno, spraddr_street_line1,</pre>
	<pre>spraddr_city, spraddr_stat_code,</pre>
	<pre>spraddr_zip, spbpers_sex,</pre>
	spbpers_birth_date
FROM	spraddr, spbpers, spriden
WHERE	spriden_pidm > 77777776
AND	<pre>spriden_pidm = spraddr_pidm</pre>
AND	<pre>spriden_pidm = spbpers_pidm</pre>
ORDER BY	spriden_pidm;

Conversio	on - Steps
UPDATE	sobseqn
SET	<pre>sobseqn_maxseqno = 77777783,</pre>
	<pre>sobseqn_activity_date = sysdate</pre>
WHERE	<pre>sobseqn_function = `PIDM';</pre>



Clean SATURN tables (clean_tables.sql)

```
SPOOL clean_tables
```

DELETE FROM spriden WHERE spriden_pidm > 77777776; DELETE FROM spraddr WHERE spraddr_pidm > 77777776; DELETE FROM spbpers WHERE spbpers_pidm > 77777776; SPOOL OFF

Conversion - Steps

```
Shell Script (convert.shl):
```

```
export ORAENV_ASK=N0
export ORACLE_SID=YOURSID
. oraenv
sqlplus saturn/u_pick_it @create_temp
sqlplus saturn/u_pick_it @alter_temp
sqlldr saturn/u_pick_it control=load.ctl
sqlplus saturn/u_pick_it @decode_sex
sqlplus saturn/u_pick_it @insert_real
```

SQL*LOADER and Import Tip

Constraint checking uses resources

Constraints checked as each row is inserted into the database

To speed up large data loads or imports:

Consider disabling constraints first

Consider creating the indexes after process has completed

Conversion – Summary of Steps

Determine flat file layout Create temporary tables Alter temporary tables, if necessary Create loader control file Load flat file data into temporary tables

Conversion – Summary of Steps

Translate codes using DECODE, if necessary Check temporary table data Insert temporary table data into Banner tables Check data in Banner (in forms and tables) Update sobseqn Use Shell Script



Sources of help

ActionLine

Phone: 800-522-4827 Fax: 610-725-7430

ActionMail

SCT Banner HR: ambanhr@sungardsct.com

SCT Banner General: ambangen@sungardsct.com General comments (or to obtain ActionWeb access): csr@sungardsct.com

Sources of help

ActionWeb www.sungardsct.com

Browse open and resolved contacts of your organization in detail

Browse all product defects reported by your organization Browse Known Issues Reports for defect descriptions, corrections, and work-arounds

Request electronic distribution download of software modifications and other updates

Browse the frequently asked questions Browse known issues

Sources of help

TCPNet Listservers

Accessed through http://lists.sungardsct.com For listservers, email listserv@sungardsct.com

Type Lists in body of message and send You will receive a list of available listservers

To subscribe, email listserv@sungardsct.com

Type:

subscribe LISTNAME First_name Last_name You will receive a confirmation email containing further instructions

